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TEST FACILITY

STC (Dongguan)
68 Fumin Nan Road, Dalang,
Dongguan, Guangdong,
China. (Zip code 523770)

SPONSOR

Yulan Yang
Foshan Ruixin Non Woven Co., Ltd
Hongxingcun Industrial Zone, Guanyao Nanhai,
Foshan City, Guangdong,
P.R. China

CONFIDENTIAL

STUDY TITLE

Primary skin irritation Study in Rabbits

TEST ARTICLE NAME

PP Non Woven Fabric

TEST ARTICLE IDENTIFICATION

CP-MD-1952

CSD NO.: CL20200301970

STC (Dongguan) Company Limited

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Summary

The test article, PP Non Woven Fabric, was evaluated for primary skin irritation in rabbits. This study was conducted based on the requirements of ISO 10993-10:2010, Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization. The test articles were extracted in 0.9% sodium chloride injection and Soybean oil. Two 25 mm x 25 mm sections of absorbent gauze patches with 0.5ml test extracts/ control extracts were topically applied to the skin of each of three rabbits and left in place for 4 hours. The sites were graded for erythema and edema at 1, 24, 48 and 72 hours after removal of the single application.

There was no erythema and no edema observed on the skin of the animals treated with the test extracts. The Primary Irritation Index for the test extracts was calculated to be 0.0. The response of the test article was categorized as negligible.

Authorized Signatory Approval:

Jonathan Tang





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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the test article for the potential to cause skin irritation in the rabbit.

1.2 Testing Guidelines

This study was based on the requirements of the International Organization for Standardization 10993-10:2010, Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization.

1.3 Dates

Test Article Received: 2020.03.17
Treatment Started: 2020.03.23
Observations Concluded: 2020.03.29

2. Identification of Test and Control Articles

The test article provided by the sponsor was identified and handled as described below:

Table 1: Test Article



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Name:	PP Non Woven Fabric
Size:	130cm*100cm
CAS Code:	N.A
Model:	Sy-rs
Lot:	SY-200314
Initial State:	Not Sterilized
Strength, Purity and Composition:	Polypropylene
Color:	White
Physical Description of the Test Article:	Others
Manufacture date:	N.A
Expiration Date:	N.A

Table 2: Negative Control Article

Name:	0.9% Sodium chloride injection (SC) Soybean oil (SO)
Purity, Composition, and Other	SC: Composition: 0.9% NaCl \pm 5.0% of label claim, balance is water; sodium chloride CAS No.: 7647-14-5/water CAS No.: 7732-18-5
Characteristics:	SO: Composition: CAS No.: 8001-22-7

Table 3: Reagents

Name	Brand	Lot	
SC	Yuyuan	L19090507	
SO	Tianyushan	20190701	

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3. Test System

3.1 Test System

Species: Rabbit (Oryctolagus cuniculus)

Strain: New Zealand White

Source: Guangzhou baiyun district longgui xingke animal farm ()

州市白云区龙归兴科动物养殖场)

Sex: Male

Age: Young adult
Acclimation Period: Minimum 5 days

Number of Animals:

3.2 Test System Management

The rabbit (animal) is specified as an appropriate animal model for evaluating potential skin irritants by the current ISO testing standards. The rabbit is widely used for this purpose and relative ranking of irritant scores can be determined.

4. Animal Management

4.1 Husbandry, Housing and Environment

Conditions conformed to STC Standard Operating Procedures. Animals were housed in groups in stainless steel or plastic suspended cages identified by a card indicating the animal numbers, test code, sex, animal code and date dosed.

The animal housing room is conventional system lab. The lab animal use permit No. SYXK(學)2019-0159. The animal housing room temperature and relative humidity were monitored daily. The temperature for the room was set to 19-26°C and the relative humidity was set to 40-70%. There were no significant temperature or relative humidity excursions that adversely affected the health of the animals.

The light cycle was controlled (12 hours light, 12 hours dark).

4.2 Food, Water and Contaminants

Food: Laboratory animal formula feed (rabbit), Shenyang maohua biotechnology co. LTD(沈阳茂华生物科技有限公司), was provided daily.

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Water: The water quality met the "Sanitary standard for drinking water" (GB5749-2006)

Food and water meet animal welfare requirements. No contaminants present in the feed and water impacted the results of this study.

4.3 Personnel

Associates involved in this study were appropriately qualified and trained.

4.4 Veterinary Care

Standard veterinary medical care was provided in this study.

4.5 IACUC

This procedure has been approved by the STC Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC), and is reviewed at least annually by the same committee.

4.6 Selection

Only healthy, animals free from irritation or other dermatological lesions that could interfere with the test were selected.

5. Method

5.1 Test and Control Article Preparation

The test articles were measured and calculated. The preparations of the test article and the negative control were subjected to the extraction conditions as described below. The extracts were continuously agitated during extraction.

Table 4: Extraction



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Vehicle	Treatment Group	Extraction Ratio	Article Amount	Volume of Vehicle	Extraction Condition
SC	Test	6cm ² :1 mL	70cm ²	m ² 11.7 mL	
	Control	N. A	N. A	20.0mL	50±2°C for
SO	Test	6cm ² :1 mL	70cm ²	11.7 mL	72±2 hours
	Control	N. A	N. A	20.0mL	

The following table contains a description of the test and control article extracts before and after extraction.

Table 5: Condition of Extracts

Vahiala	Time	Extract	Condition of Extracts				
Vehicle	Observed	Extract	Color	Clarity	Particulates		
	Before	Test	Colorless	Clear	None		
90	Extraction	Control	Colorless	Clear	None		
	After	Test	Colorless	Clear	None		
SC	Extraction	Control	Colorless	Clear	None		
	Prior to	Test	Colorless	Clear	None		
	Use	Control	Colorless	Clear	None		
	Before	Test	Colorless	Oily	None		
	Extraction	Control	Colorless	Oily	None		
60	After	Test	Colorless	Oily	None		
SO	Extraction	Control	Colorless	Oily	None		
	Prior to	Test	Colorless	Oily	None		
	Use	Control	Colorless	Oily	None		

The test article extracted in SC and SO remained unchanged during the extraction process. The extracts were maintained at ambient temperature <24 hours before use for all phases. The extracts were not centrifuged, filtered, or otherwise altered prior to dosing.



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5.2 Test Procedure

The animals were weighed and the fur on the back of each animal was clipped with an electric clipper 24 hours prior to treatment. On the day of treatment, four sites, two on each side of the back and positioned cranially and caudally, were designated on each animal. The sites were free of blemishes that could interfere with the interpretation of results. The appropriate extracts were applied to the 2.5 cm × 2.5 cm absorbent gauze patches. 0.5 ml extract was used to saturate the gauze. A control patch of gauze moistened with the extract vehicle was applied as well. And then all the application sites were covered with a bandage (semi-occlusive or occlusive) for a minimum of 4 h. Animals were returned to their cages after treatment. After the 4-hour exposure, the binders, tape, and patches were removed. The sites were gently wiped with a gauze sponge dampened with deionized water in an attempt to remove any remaining residue.

5.2.1 Laboratory Observations

- 1. Animals were observed daily for general health.
- 2. Body weights were recorded for each animal at pretreatment.
- 3. Dermal observations for erythema and edema were recorded at 1, 24, 48 and 72 hours after patch removal in accordance with the criteria in Appendix 1.

Table 6 Classification System for Skin Reaction

Erythema and Eschar Formation	Numerical Grading	Edema Formation	Numerical Grading		
No erythema	0	No edema	0		
Very slight erythema (barely perceptible)	1	Very slight edema (barely perceptible)	1		
Well-defined erythema	2	Well-defined edema (edges of area well-defined by definite raising)	2		
Moderate erythema	3	Moderate edema (raised approximately 1 mm)	3		
Severe erythema (beet redness) to eschar formation preventing grading of erythema	4	Severe edema (raised more than 1 mm and extending beyond exposure area)	4		
Total possible score for irritation					



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Table 7 Irritation Response Categories in the Rabbit

Irritation Response Categories in the Rabbit				
Response Category	Mean Score			
Negligible	0-0.4			
Slight	0.5-1.9			
Moderate	2.0-4.9			
Severe	5-8			

All times and temperatures reported herein are approximate and are within ranges established by the external standards described in the References section of this report and/or STC standard operating procedures.

6. Evaluation

The Primary Irritation Index of the test was calculated following test completion for each animal. The erythema and edema scores obtained at the 24, 48 and 72-hour intervals were added together and divided by the total number of observations. This calculation was conducted separately for the test and control article for each animal. The score for the control was subtracted from the score for the test article to obtain the Primary Irritation Score. The Primary Irritation Score for each animal was added together and divided by the number of animals to obtain the Primary Irritation Index. The Primary Irritation Index was characterized based on the definitions.



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7. Results

All the animals were clinically normal throughout the study. Individual results of dermal scoring are presented in Appendix 1. No irritation was observed on the skin of the animals. The Primary Irritation Index of the test article was calculated to be 0.0. The irritation calculations are shown below:

Table 8 Irritation Calculations of SC group

Animal Number	Test Score Average	-	Control Score Average	Individual Primary Irritation Score	Combined Primary Irritation Score (CPIS)	Primary Irritation Index (CPIS/3)	Response Category
20200 21101	0 .	-	0	0			
20200 21102	0	-	0	0	0	0	Negligible
20200 21103	0	-	0	0			

Table 9 Irritation Calculations of SO group

Animal Number	Test Score Average	-	Control Score Average	Individual Primary Irritation Score	Combined Primary Irritation Score (CPIS)	Primary Irritation Index (CPIS/3)	Response Category
20200 21104	0	1	0	0			
20200 21105	0	-	0	0	0	0	Negligible
20200 21110	0	-	0	0			



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8. Conclusion

There was no erythema and no edema observed on the skin of the animals treated with the test article. The Primary Irritation Indexes for the test article extracts were both calculated to be 0.0. The response of the test article extracts was categorized as negligible.

Results and conclusions apply only to the test article tested. Any extrapolation of these data to other articles is the sponsor's responsibility.

9. Records

All raw data pertaining to this study and a copy of the final report are retained in designated STC archive files in accordance with STC SOPs.

10. ISO Compliance

All procedures were compliance to ISO 17025.

11. References

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 21, Part 58, Good Laboratory Practice for Nonclinical Laboratory Studies

International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 10993-1, Biological evaluation of medical devices -Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process (2018).

International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 10993-2, Biological evaluation of medical devices -Part 2: Animal welfare requirements (2006).

International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 10993-10, Biological evaluation of medical devices -Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization (2010).

International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 10993-12, Biological evaluation of medical devices -Part 12: Sample preparation and reference materials (2012).

International Organization for Standardization/International Electrotechnical Commission (ISO/IEC) 17025, General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories (2017).



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Appendix 1 - Dermal Observations

Table 10 Dermal Observations of SC group

Animal	Waight	Group	Observation	Interval (hours)								
number	Weight (g)	Group	Observation	1	24	48	72					
		Test	Erythema	0	0	0	0					
20200	3826.2	Test	Edema	0	0	0	0					
21101	3620.2		Erythema	0	0	0	0					
		Control	Edema	0	0	0	0					
•		Test	Erythema	0	0	0	0					
20200	2024.2	2024.2	2924.3	2024.2	2024.2	2024.2		Edema	0	0	0	0
21102	2924.3	Control	Erythema	0	0	0	0					
		Control	Edema	0	0	0	0					
		Test	Erythema	0	0	0	0					
20200	3697.6	Test	Edema	0	0	0	0					
21103	3097.0	Control	Erythema	0	0	0	0					
			Edema	0	0	0	0					





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Table 11 Dermal Observations of SO group

Animal	Waight	Group	Observation	Interval (hours)			
number	Weight (g)	Group	Observation	1	24	48	72
		Test	Erythema	0	0	0	0
20200	3564.5	Test	Edema	0	0	0	0
21104	3304.3	Control	Erythema	0	0	0	0
			Edema	0	0	0	0
		Test Section 1	Erythema	0	0	0	0
20200	3758.3		Edema	0	0	0	0
21105	3736.3		Erythema	0	0	0	0
		Control	Edema	0	0	0	0
		Test	Erythema	0	0	0	0
20200 21110	3352.6	Test	Edema	0	0	0	0
	3332.0	Control	Erythema	0	0	0	0
			Edema	0	0	0	0



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Appendix 2 - Periodic Positive Control Study for Primary Skin Irritation Test

What was tested sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS)

Dates

Treatment Started: 2020.02.07 Observations Concluded: 2020.03.05

Purpose

A periodic positive control study was conducted for the Primary Skin Irritation Test to meet the following objectives: 1) confirm the methodology in ISO 10993-10:2010, Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices - Part 10: Tests for Irritation and Skin Sensitization, 2) substantiate the potential of SDS to cause irritant effects, 3) verify proper training of the technicians performing these studies, and 4) substantiate the susceptibility of the rabbit strain to primary skin irritation test.

Methods

The test utilized young adult, nulliparous and not pregnant, female rabbit supplied by Guangzhou baiyun district longgui xingke animal farm (广州市白云区龙归兴科动物养殖场). The weight at study initiation ranged from 2kg to 4kg. Two 25 mm x 25 mm sections of absorbent gauze patches with 0.5ml 20% (w/w) concentration of SDS was topically applied to the skin of each of three rabbits and left in place for 4 hours. The sites were graded for erythema and edema at 1, 24, 48 and 72 hours after removal of the single application.

Results

All of the three sites demonstrated a positive skin irritation to the known skin irritant, SDS. None of the control sites of animals demonstrated an irritation response. The Irritation Calculations are shown below:

Animal Number	Test Score Average	-	Control Score Average	Individual Primary Irritation Score	Combined Primary Irritation Score (CPIS)	Primary Irritation Index (CPIS/3)	Response Category
1	6	-	0	6	18	6	Severe
2	6	-	0	6			
3	6	M. 1 - M.	0	6			

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Conclusion

The known skin irritant SDS produced evidence of causing primary skin irritation in the New Zealand White strain of rabbit. Therefore, the following objectives were met: 1) the methodology in ISO 10993-10:2010, Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices, Part 10: Tests for Irritation and Skin Sensitization was confirmed, 2) the potential for SDS to cause skin irritation was substantiated, 3) proper training of the technicians performing this study design was verified and 4) the susceptibility of the New Zealand White rabbit strain to skin irritation was substantiated.



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Appendix 3 - Photograph(s) of Test Articles



***** END OF TEST REPORT *****

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